

Rules of **Department of Health**

Division 20—Division of Environmental Health and Communicable Disease Prevention Chapter 28—Immunization

Title	P	age
19 CSR 20-28.010	Immunization Requirements for School Children	3
19 CSR 20-28.030	Distribution of Childhood Vaccines	. 12
19 CSR 20-28.040	Day Care Immunization Rule	. 35
19 CSR 20-28.060	Minimum Immunization Coverage to Be Provided by Individual and Group Health Insurance Policies	. 41

Title 19—DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

Division 20—Division of Environmental Health and Communicable Disease Prevention Chapter 28—Immunization

19 CSR 20-28.010 Immunization Requirements for School Children

PURPOSE: This rule establishes minimum immunization requirements required of all school children according to current recommendations and helps assure that appropriate actions are taken by schools to enforce section 167.181, RSMo.

- (1) As mandated by section 167.181, RSMo, each superintendent of a public, private, parochial or parish school shall have a record prepared showing the immunization status of every child enrolled in or attending a school under the superintendent's jurisdiction. The school superintendent shall make this report annually to the Department of Health on Form CD 31 no later than October 15 of each school year. This date is necessitated by the law which prohibits the enrollment and attendance of children who are in noncompliance. Immunization information is required in eight (8) categories: diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, polio, measles, rubella, mumps and hepatitis B. Each school superintendent or chief administrator shall submit to the Department of Health a summary report on Form CD 31 for all schools under the administrator's jurisdiction. Separate reports for each school should not be submitted, although separate lists shall be maintained in each school for auditing purposes.
- (A) Exclusion of students in noncompliance, section 167.181, RSMo. Students cannot attend school unless they are properly immunized and can provide satisfactory evidence of the immunization or unless they are exempted. Transfer students in noncompliance shall not be permitted to enroll or attend school. Students who were enrolled during the previous school year shall be denied attendance for the current school year if not in compliance. Homeless children may be enrolled in school for no more than twentyfour (24) hours prior to providing satisfactory evidence of immunization. For the purpose of this paragraph, a homeless child shall be defined as a child who lacks a fixed, regular and adequate nighttime residence; or who has a primary nighttime residence in a supervised publicly or privately operated shelter or in an institution providing temporary residence or

in a public or private place not designated for or ordinarily used as a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings. The school administration should exercise its power of pupil suspension or expulsion under section 167.161, RSMo and possible summary suspension under section 167.171, RSMo until the violation is removed.

- (B) This rule is designed to govern any child—regardless of age—who is attending a public, private, parochial or parish school. If the specific age recommendations are not mentioned within this rule, the Missouri Department of Health should be consulted.
- (C) It is unlawful for any child to attend school unless the child has been immunized according to this rule or unless the parent or guardian has signed and placed on file a statement of medical or religious exemption with the school administrator.
- 1. Medical exemptions. A child shall be exempted from the immunization requirements of this rule upon certification by a licensed doctor of medicine or doctor of osteopathy that either the immunization would seriously endanger the child's health or life or the child has documentation of laboratory evidence of immunity to the disease. The Department of Health Form Imm.P.12 shall be on file with the school immunization health record for each child with a medical exemption. This need not be renewed annually.
- 2. Religious exemption. A child shall be exempted from the immunization requirements of this rule as provided in section 167.181, RSMo if one (1) parent or guardian objects in writing to the school administrator that immunization of that child violates his/her religious beliefs. This exemption on Department of Health Form Imm.P.11A shall be placed on file with the school immunization health record.
- 3. Immunization in progress. Section 167.181, RSMo provides that students may continue to attend school as long as they have started an immunization series and satisfactory progress is being accomplished in the prescribed manner as outlined in the Missouri Immunization Schedules in subsection (3)(B) of this rule. A Department of Health Form Imm.P.14 shall be on file with the school immunization health record of each student with immunization in progress. Failure to meet the next scheduled appointment constitutes noncompliance with the school immunization law and legal action should be initiated immediately. Refer to subsection (1)(A) of this rule regarding exclusion of students in noncompliance.

(2) The schedules in subsection (3)(B) of this rule contain the immunization schedule recommended by the Missouri Department of Health. The Missouri Department of Health recommends that all children be immunized by health care practitioners in accordance with these recommendations. For school attendance, children shall meet the minimum requirements specified in subsections (2)(A)–(H) of this rule or have proper exemption statements on file at school.

19 CSR 20-28

- (A) Measles. One (1) dose of live measles vaccine received by injection on or after the first birthday shall be required for school attendance for all children who started kindergarten prior to the 1990-91 school year. All children starting kindergarten or who were five (5) or six (6) years of age as of and after the beginning of the 1990-91 school year shall be required to have two (2) doses of live measles vaccine received by injection and separated by at least twenty-eight (28) days on or after the first birthday. Measles vaccine may be given alone or in combination with other vaccines. Exemptions shall be permitted upon receipt of notification of exemption on Form Imm.P.11A or Imm.P.12.
- (B) Mumps. One (1) dose of live mumps vaccine received by injection on or after the first birthday shall be required for school attendance for all children. Mumps vaccine may be given alone or in combination with other vaccines. Exemptions shall be permitted upon receipt of written notification on Form Imm.P.11A or Imm.P.12.
- (C) Rubella. One (1) dose of live rubella vaccine received by injection on or after the first birthday shall be required for school attendance for all children. Rubella vaccine may be given alone or in combination with other vaccines. Exemptions shall be permitted upon receipt of written notification of exemption on Form Imm.P.11A or Imm.P.12.
- (D) Polio. Oral Polio Vaccine (OPV) and/or Inactivated Polio Vaccine (IPV) shall be used.
- 1. Polio vaccine. Three (3) doses of polio vaccine shall be required for all students. Children who started kindergarten or who were five (5) or six (6) years of age as of and after the beginning of the 1990-91 school year must have received the last dose at age four (4) years or greater; if not, an additional dose is required unless the student has already received four (4) or more doses of polio vaccine. Exemptions shall be permitted upon receipt of written notification of exemption on Form Imm. P. 11A or Imm. P. 12.
- 2. Combination of IPV and OPV. If a combination of IPV and OPV are used, four

- (4) doses are required. Exemptions shall be permitted upon receipt of written notification of exemption on Form Imm.P.11A or Imm.P.12.
- (E) Diphtheria. Four (4) doses of diphtheria toxoid shall be required for students starting kindergarten as of and after the beginning of the 1999-2000 school year. Three (3) doses of diphtheria toxoid shall be required for all other students. Children starting kindergarten or who were five (5) or six (6) years of age as of and after the beginning of the 1990-91 school year must have received the last dose at age four (4) years or greater; if not, an additional dose is required unless the student has already received six (6) or more doses of diphtheria toxoid. A booster dose of diphtheria toxoid is required ten (10) years from the last diphtheria immunization. The diphtheria toxoid may be given alone or in combination with tetanus toxoid and pertussis vaccine. Exemptions shall be permitted upon receipt of a written notification of exemption on Form Imm.P.11A or Imm.P.12.
- (F) Tetanus. Four (4) doses of tetanus toxoid shall be required for students starting kindergarten as of and after the beginning of the 1999-2000 school year. Three (3) doses of tetanus toxoid shall be required for all other students. Children starting kindergarten or who were five (5) or six (6) years of age as of and after the beginning of the 1990-91 school year must have received the last dose at age four (4) years or greater; if not, an additional dose is required unless the child has already received six (6) or more doses of tetanus toxoid. The tetanus toxoid may be given alone or in combination with diphtheria toxoid and pertussis vaccine. A booster dose of tetanus toxoid is required ten (10) years from the last tetanus immunization. Exemptions shall be permitted upon receipt of a written notification of exemption on Form Imm.P.11A or Imm.P.12.
- (G) Pertussis (acellular or whole cell). Four (4) doses of pertussis vaccine shall be required for students starting kindergarten as of and after the beginning of the 1999-2000 school year. Three (3) doses of pertussis vaccine shall be required for all other students six (6) years of age and younger. The last dose must have been received at age four (4) years or greater; if not, an additional dose is required unless the child has already received six (6) or more doses of pertussis vaccine. Pertussis vaccine is not required for children seven (7) years of age and older. Pertussis vaccine may be given alone or in combination with diphtheria toxoid and tetanus toxoid. Exemptions shall be permitted upon written

- notification of exemption on Form Imm.P.11A or Imm.P.12.
- (H) Hepatitis B. Three (3) doses of hepatitis B vaccine shall be required for all students entering kindergarten as of and after the beginning of the 1997-98 school year and for all students entering grade seven (7) as of and after the beginning of the 1999–2000 school year. Exemptions shall be permitted upon written notification of exemption on Form Imm. P.11A or Imm. P.12.
- (3) The parent or guardian shall furnish the superintendent or school administrator satisfactory evidence of immunization or exemption from immunization against diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, polio, measles, mumps, rubella and hepatitis B.
- (A) Satisfactory evidence of immunization means a statement, certificate or record from a physician or other recognized health facility or personnel stating that the required immunizations have been given to the person and verifying the type of vaccine and month and year of administration. All children starting kindergarten as of and after the beginning of the 1990-91 school year shall be required to provide documentation of the month, day and year of vaccine administration.
- (B) The following schedule shall determine when the next dose of vaccine is due for a child found to be in noncompliance with the immunization requirements:

MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH BUREAU OF IMMUNIZATION MEDICAL IMMUNIZATION EX	FOR DOCTORS OF MEDICINE OR		
REQUIRED UNDER THE STATE IMMUNIZATION FOR SCHOOL, PRESCHOOL, DAY CARE AND NURS	LAWS (Section 167.181 and Section 210.003, RSMo		
THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT			
to serious complications.	nunity to the disease. (Attach the lab slip to this form.) cked would endanger the child's health or life. tussis		
PHYSICIAN NAME (PRINT OR TYPE)	PHYSICIAN REGISTRATION NO.		
SIGNATURE OF PHYSICIAN	DATE		
MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH BUREAU OF IMMUNIZATION IMMUNIZATIONS IN PROGRESS	FOR PHYSICIANS AND		
REQUIRED UNDER THE STATE IMMUNIZATION I Cum Supp 1990) FOR SCHOOL, PRESCHOOL, D.	LAWS (Section 167 181 and Section 210 003, RSMo		
THIS IS TO NAME OF CHILD (PRINT OR TYPE) CERTIFY THAT			
received the following immunization(s) on			
	L MUMPS L RUBELLA L Hepatitis B r the following immunization(s)		
NOTE: This child is in compliance with Missouri Immunizatio immunization(s) at the correct intervals according to the Missouri	uri Department of Health Immunization Schedule		
PHYSICIAN NAME (PRINT OR TYPE)	PHYSICIAN SIGNATURE		
PUBLIC HEALTH NURSE NAME DATE	CITY OR COUNTY OF ASSIGNMENT		
MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF HIS BUREAU OF IMMUNIZATION RELIGIOUS IMMUNIZATION			
REQUIRED UNDER THE STATE IMMUNIZATION ATTENDANCE			
CERTIFY THAT			
SHOULD BE EXEMPTED FROM RECEIVING T BECAUSE IMMUNIZATION VIOLATES MY RELIGION Diphtheria Tetanus Pertus: MMR Measles Mumps 1. Unimmunized children have a greater risk of get lead to serious complications.	OUS BELIEFS; sis		
Unimmunized children are subject to exclusion from school when outbreaks of vaccine-preventable diseases occur.			

MO 580-1723 (4-97)

PARENT/GUARDIAN NAME (PRINT OR TYPE)

PARENT/GUARDIAN SIGNATURE

DATE

MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH IMMUNIZATION SCHEDULE

TABLE 1

Recommended schedule for children beginning immunization in infancy

Recommended Age	Immunization(s) ^{1,2}	Comments
Birth-2 mo	HB ³	Preferably before hospital discharge.
2 mo	DTaP or DTP⁴, Polio⁵, Hib ⁶	The ACIP recommends 2 doses of IPV at 2 and 4 months of age followed by 2 doses of OPV at 12-18 months and 4-6 years of age.
2-4 mo	НВ	
4 mo	DTaP or DTP, Polio, Hib	
6 mo	DTaP or DTP, Hib	
6-18 mo	HB, Polio	
12-15 mo	Hib, MMR ⁷	
12-18 mo	Var ⁸	
15-18 mo	DTaP or DTP	The fourth dose of DTaP may be administered as early as 12 months of age, provided at least 6 months have elapsed since the third DTaP, and if the child is considered unlikely to return at 15-18 months.
4-6 yr	DTaP or DTP, Polio, MMR	Second dose measles-containing vaccine is required for school attendance.
11-12 yr	Var	
11-12 yr or 14-16 yr	Td ⁹	Repeat every 10 years throughout life.

Do NOT restart any series, no matter how long since previous doses.

Approved by the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP), the American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP), and the American Academy of Family Physicians (AAFP).

² All recommended vaccines can be administered simultaneously. For all products used, consult manufacturer's package insert for instructions for storage, handling, and administration.

³ Hepatitis B vaccine, recombinant. Infants born to HBsAg-positive mothers should receive immunoprophylaxis for hepatitis B with 0.5 ml Hepatitis B Immune Globulin (HBIG) and 5 mcg/0.5 ml Merck, Sharp and Dohme (Recombivax HB) or 10 mcg/0.5 ml SmithKline Beecham (Engerix-B) at separate sites within 12 hours of birth. In these infants, the second dose of high-risk vaccine is recommended at 1 month of age and the third dose of high-risk at 6 months of age.

⁴ Diphtheria and Tetanus toxoids and acellular Pertussis vaccine (preferred vaccine), or Diphtheria and Tetanus toxoids and Pertussis vaccine.

⁵ Polio. The following schedules are all acceptable by the ACIP, the AAP, and the AAFP:

A. 2 doses of IPV followed by 2 doses of OPV (PREFERRED SCHEDULE; a total of four doses of polio vaccine is required to complete the series)

B. 4 doses of IPV

C. 4 doses of OPV

⁶ Haemophilus influenzae type b.

⁷ Measles, Mumps and Rubella.

⁸ Varicella. Susceptible children may receive varicella during any visit after the first birthday, and unvaccinated persons who lack a history of chickenpox should be vaccinated during the 11-12 year old visit. Susceptible persons ≥13 years of age should receive 2 doses, at least one month apart.

⁹ Td (tetanus and diphtheria toxoids for persons ≥7 years of age) is recommended at 11-12 years of age, provided at least 5 years have elapsed since the last dose of DTaP, DTP or DT.

MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH IMMUNIZATION SCHEDULE

TABLE 2

Recommended schedule for infants and children up to the 7th birthday not immunized at the recommended time in early infancy

Timing	Immunization(s)	Comments
First Visit	DTaP or DTP ¹ , Polio ² , Hib ³ , HB ⁴ , MMR	MMR should be given as soon as a child is age 12-15 months.
Second visit (4 wk to 2 mo after first visit)	DTaP or DTP, Polio, Hib, HB, Var	Hib must be given at least 2 months after the previous dose. Varicella (Var) may be given to susceptible children during any visit after the first birthday.
Third visit (4 wk to 2 mo after second visit)	DTaP or DTP, Polio, Hib	
Fourth visit (≥6 mo after third visit)	DTaP or DTP, Hib, HB	If dose 4 of DTaP or DTP is given before the fourth birthday, wait at least 6 months before giving dose 5.
4-6 yr	DTaP or DTP, Polio, MMR	Second dose measles-containing vaccine is required for school attendance.
11-12 уг	Var⁵	
11-12 yr or 14-16 yr	Td	Repeat every 10 years throughout life.

¹ DTaP is recommended for all doses of the series. DTaP SHOULD NOT be used on or after the seventh birthday. If dose 4 is given after the fourth birthday, then dose 5 is not needed.

All IPV: In children under 4 years of age, the third dose may be given as early as 4 weeks after the second, but a 6 month interval is preferred for best results.

All OPV: A minimum of 4 weeks should separate the first, second and third doses, and a supplemental dose should be given at 4-6 years of age.

² IPV and OPV: The first and second dose of polio (IPV or OPV) should be separated by at least 4 weeks. If the third dose is given at ≥4 years of age, a fourth dose is not needed.

The recommended schedule varies by vaccine manufacturer (Table 3). For information specific to the vaccine being used, consult the package insert and the U.S. Recommended Schedule. Children beginning the Hib vaccine series at age 2-6 months should receive a primary series of three doses of HbOC (HibTITER), PRP-T (ActHIB, OmniHIB), or two doses of PRP-OMP (PedvaxHIB). An additional booster dose of any licensed Hib conjugate vaccine should be administered at 12-15 months of age and at least 2 months after the previous dose. Children beginning the Hib vaccine series at 7-11 months of age should receive a primary series of two doses of an HbOC- or PRP-T-containing vaccine. An additional booster dose of any licensed Hib conjugate vaccine should be administered at 12-15 months of age and at least 2 months after the previous dose. Children beginning the Hib vaccine series at ages 12-14 months should receive a primary series of one dose of an HbOC-, PRP-T- or PRP-OMP-containing vaccine. An additional booster dose of any licensed Hib conjugate vaccine should be administered 2 months after the previous dose. Children beginning the Hib vaccine series at ages 15-59 months should receive one dose of any licensed Hib vaccine. Hib vaccine should not be administered after the fifth birthday except for special circumstances as noted in the specific ACIP recommendations for the use of Hib vaccine.

Commonly used spacing option for older children and teens is 0, 1, 6 months or 0, 2, 4 months or 0, 1, 4 months. The minimum spacing for children and teens is one month between doses 1 and 2, and two months between doses 2 and 3. OVERALL, THERE MUST BE 4 MONTHS BETWEEN DOSES 1 AND 3.

⁵ Varicella should be given to unvaccinated persons who lack a history of chickenpox during the 11-12 year old visit. Susceptible persons ≥13 years of age should receive 2 doses, at least one month apart.

MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH IMMUNIZATION SCHEDULE

TABLE 3

Recommended schedule for Haemophilus influenzae type b (Hib)

Table 3A. Recommended Hib Immunization Schedule for Infants					
Vaccine	2 mo	4 mo	6 mo	12-15 mo	
HbOC (HibTITER) PRP-T (ActHIB, OmniHIB)	dose 1	dose 2	dose 3	booster	
PRP-OMP (Pedvax HiB)	dose 1	dose 2		booster	

Table 3B. Recommended	d Hib Schedule for Children, Ir	ncluding Those not Immuniz	zed on Schedule
Vaccine	Age at 1st dose (mo)	Primary Series	Booster
HbOC (HibTITER)	2-6	3 doses, 2 mo apart	12-15 mo ¹
PRP-T (ActHIB, OmniHIB)	7-11	2 doses, 2 mo apart	12-15 mo ¹
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	12-14	1 dose	2 mo later¹
	15-59	1 dose	_
PRP-OMP (Pedvax HIB)	2-11	2 doses, 2 mo apart	12-15 mo ¹
	12-14	1 dose	2 mo later1
	15-59	1 dose	*****

¹ At least two months after previous dose.

The primary vaccine series should preferably be completed with the same Hib conjugate vaccine. If, however, different vaccines are administered, a total of three doses of Hib conjugate vaccine is adequate.

MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH IMMUNIZATION SCHEDULE

TABLE 4

Recommended schedule for persons 7 years of age or older

Timing	Immunization(s)	Comments
First Visit	Td ¹ , Polio ² , MMR ³ , HB ⁴	
Second visit 2 mo after first visit	Td, Polio, MMR ^s , HB	The second MMR may be administered as soon as 28 days after the first dose.
Third visit 6 mo after second visit	Td, Polio, HB	The third polio may be given as soon as 4 weeks after the second dose.
Additional visits	Td, Var⁵	Repeat Td every 10 years throughout life.

¹ Tetanus and Diphtheria toxoids (adult type) are used after the seventh birthday. The DTP or DTaP doses given to children under 7 who remain incompletely immunized at age 7 and older should be counted as a prior exposure to tetanus and diphtheria toxoids (e.g., a child who previously received 2 doses of DTP or DTaP, only needs 1 dose of Td to complete a primary series).

⁶ Varicella should be given to unvaccinated persons who lack a history of chickenpox during the 11-12 year old visit. Susceptible persons ≥13 years of age should receive 2 doses, at least one month apart.



MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH Bureau of Immunization P.O. Box 570 Jefferson City, MO 65102-0570

(573) 751-6133

AN EQUAL OPPORTUNITY/AFFIRMATIVE ACTION EMPLOYER services provided on a nondiscriminatory basis

Imm.P. 19 - Rev. 1/98

² IPV should be used when an adult in the household or other close contact has never been vaccinated against polio, in persons ≥18, and for persons with immunodeficiency disorders or in contact with an immunodeficient person.

³ Live Measles, Mumps and Rubella virus vaccines combined. Persons born before 1957 can generally be considered immune to measles and mumps and need not be immunized. Rubella vaccine may be given to persons 12 months of age and older, particularly women of childbearing age. Prior to administering rubella vaccine to females past menarche, the patient and/or her guardian must be asked if she is pregnant. Pregnant patients should not be given rubella vaccine (or other live virus vaccines) due to theoretical risks to the fetus. Females receiving vaccine should be informed of the importance of not becoming pregnant for three months following vaccination.

⁴ Hepatitis B vaccine, recombinant. Selected high-risk groups for whom vaccination is recommended include persons with occupational risk, such as health-care and public-safety workers who have occupational exposure to blood, clients and staff of institutions for the developmentally disabled, hemodialysis patients, recipients of certain blood products (e.g., clotting factor concentrates), household contacts and sex partners of hepatitis B virus carriers, injecting drug users, sexually active homosexual and bisexual men, certain sexually active heterosexual men and women, inmates of long-term correctional facilities, certain international travelers, and families of HBsAg-positive adoptees from countries where HBV infection is endemic. Because risk factors are often not identified directly among adolescents, universal hepatitis B vaccination of teenagers should be implemented in communities where injecting drug use, pregnancy among teenagers, and/or sexually transmitted diseases are common.

⁵ A second dose of MMR is required for students entering kindergarten as of or after the 1990-91 school year.

CD 31 (R7-94)

Petranic (3+), Penasis (3+), Measles (1 ot 2), Measles (1 ot 2), Measles (1 ot 2), SERIES COMPLETE of Health, Bureau of Immunization, P.O. Box 570, Jefferson City, MO 65102 by October 15. separate lists must be maintained in each school building for auditing school superintendent or chief administrator is requested to submit a single purposes. The CD 31 form must be forwarded to the Missouri Department (summary) report using form CD 31 for all schools under the administrator's jurisdiction. DO NOT submit separate reports for each building, although TELEPHONE NUMBER # Exempt On File (St 10 Att .9.mm) CODE COMP MUMPS (MMR or M) 412 peziunuw DATE * Adequately # Exempt On File (Imm.P. 11A or 12) 강 RUBELLA (MMR or MR or # Adequately # Adequately #Exempt On File (Stro: Att. 9. mml) OFFICE USE ONLY # In Progress, Not Complete (Imm.P. 14) £ MEASLES (MMR or MR or M # Adequately - bezinummi - beso Dose # Adequately - bezimummi - besod ow T CITY OR TOWN # Exempl On File (Imm.P. 11A or 12) TLE OPV or E-IPV) # In Progress, Not Complete (Imm.P. 14) private, parochial or parish school shall have a record prepared showing make this report annually to the Department of Health, no later than Section 167,181, RSMo (Cum Supp. 1990), each superintendent of a public, the immunization status of every child enrolled in or attending a school under the superintendent's jurisdiction. The school superintendent shall October 15. Immunization information is required in seven categories: Each APPROVED BY (SUPERINTENDENT OR SCHOOL ADMINISTRATOR) diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, polio, measles, rubella and mumps. SUMMARY REPORT OF THE IMMUNIZATION STATUS OF MISSOURI * Adequately mmmized INSTRUCTIONS: As mandated by Missouri State # Exempt On File (Imm.P. 11A or 12) PUBLIC, PRIVATE, OR PAROCHIAL SCHOOL CHILDREN PERTUSSIS (DTP or DTaP) # In Progress, Not Complete (Imm.P. 14) * Adequately besinummi # Exempt On File (Imm.P. 11A or 12) PREPARED 8 or Td # In Progress, Not Complete (imm.P. 14) TETANUS DTap, DT MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH (OTP, yetenbeby i pezinnesi #Exempt On File (Imm.P. 11A or 12) Q.≱ DIPHTHERIA (OTP, DTaP, DT o # In Progress, Not Complete (Imm.P. 14) NAME OF SCHOOL OR SCHOOL SYSTEM * Adequately besinummi **USE ONLY** ENROLLED THIS REPORT IS FOR THE SCHOOL YEAR 1994-95 OFFICE SPECIAL ED. OR OTHER TOTAL GRADE 9 = 알 O ¥ Q 3 ĸ Φ œ

WO 580-0823 (7-94)

Chapter	28—	Immunizatior	ì
---------	-----	---------------------	---

19	CSR	20.	.29

CSS	

ATE	-	MISSOURI

SOURI DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF IMMUNIZATION

PAGE	 OF	

REPORT OF PUPILS IN NONCOMPLIANCE WITH MISSOURI SCHOOL IMMUNIZATION LAW

As required by Section 167.181, Revised Statutes of Missouri (Cum. Supp. 1990) and by the Code of State Regulations, 19 CSR 20-28.010, the name of any parent/guardian who neglects or refuses to permit a nonexempted child to be immunized against diphtheria, polio, measles, mumps and rubella shall be reported by the school administrator/superintendent to the Department of Health. The list of pupils in noncompliance and their parents/guardians shall be reported to the Department of Health, Bureau of immunization no later than October 15, and thus be available by that date for appropriate legal action.

NAME OF SCHOOL OR SCHOOL SYSTEM STREET OR R.F.D.								
CITY OR TOWN				COUNTY			ZIP CODE	
NAME/ADDRESS OF PARENT/GUARDIAN	NAME OF PUPIL	GRADE	SCHOOL	IMMUNIZATIONS NEEDED (Indicate with An "X")				
				DIPHTHERIA	POLIO	MEASLES	RUBELLA	MUMP
		+						
·								l '
				_				
				1				
		++						
					ı			
İ								
								·
		┪		 				
		1 +		1				· ·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		44	·····					
j								
		++						···
		\bot		1				
						·		
				1				··
				-				
-0624 (10/92)								